

6G: The Next Horizon

From Connected People, Connected Things, to Connected Intelligence

Xuemin Wang

VP of Huawei European Research Institution

Director of Huawei EU Standard and Industry Development



25th Nov 2021



Agenda

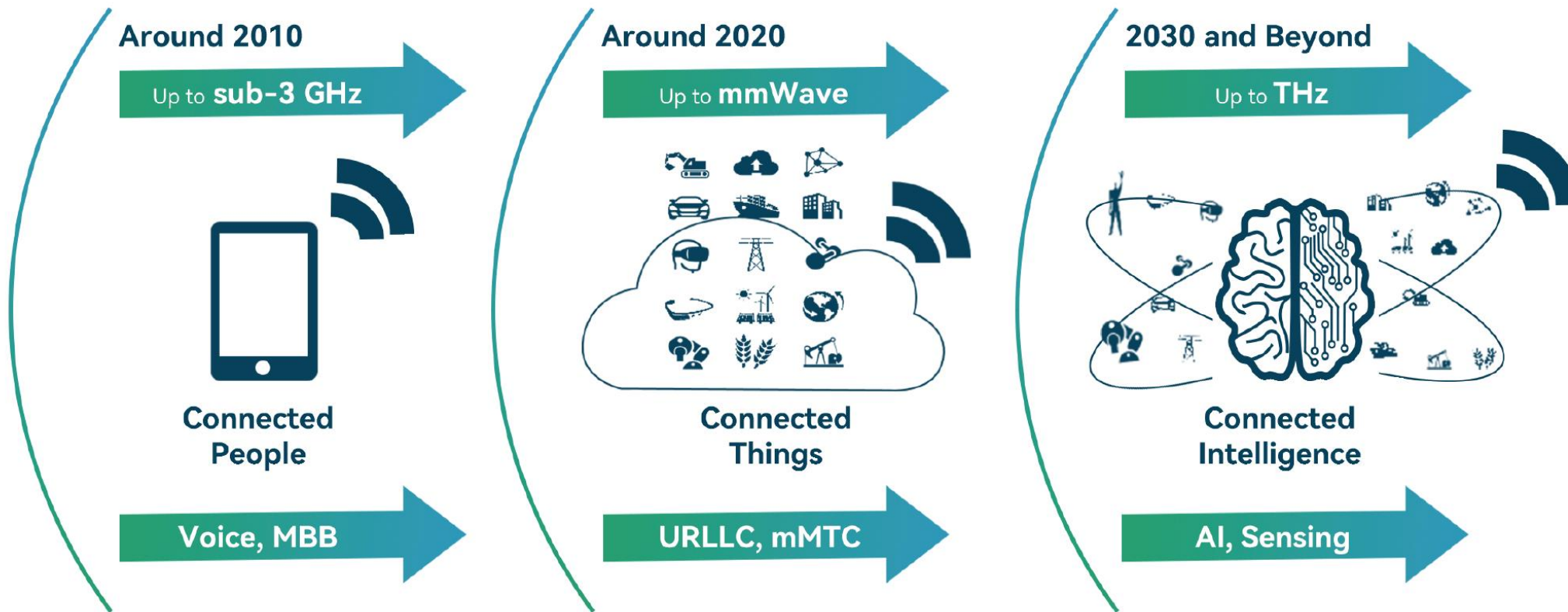


1 6G Technology Trend



2 6G Industry Progress

Mega-trends of mobile communications towards 2030 and beyond



Overview of 6G use cases

eMBB+

- Ultimate immersive cloud VR
- Haptic and multi-sensory communication
- Glass-free 3D and holographic displays
- Broadband wireless access for the unconnected

Sensing

- High-accuracy localization and tracking
- Simultaneous imaging, mapping and localization
- Augmented human sense
- Gesture and activity recognition
- High precision positioning and navigation
- Real-time earth observation and protection

AI

- AI-enhanced network automation
- Network for AI data/model transfer
- Network for distributed learning

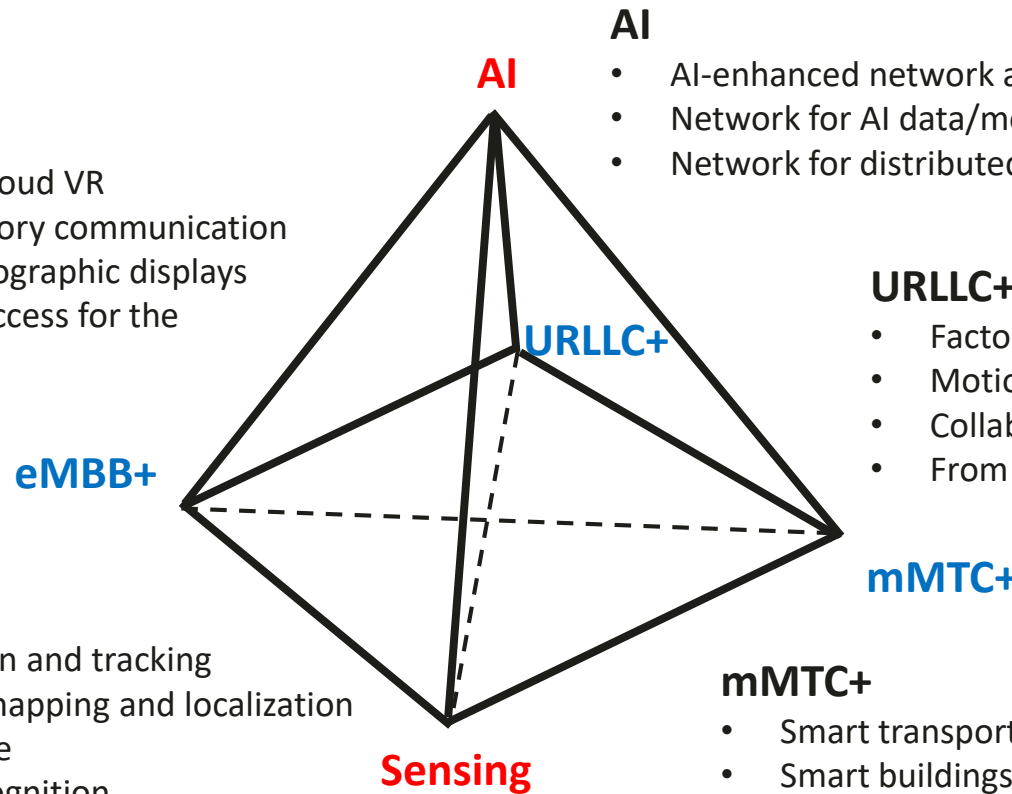
URLLC+

- Factory of the future
- Motion control
- Collaborative robots in group
- From intelligent cobots to cyborgs

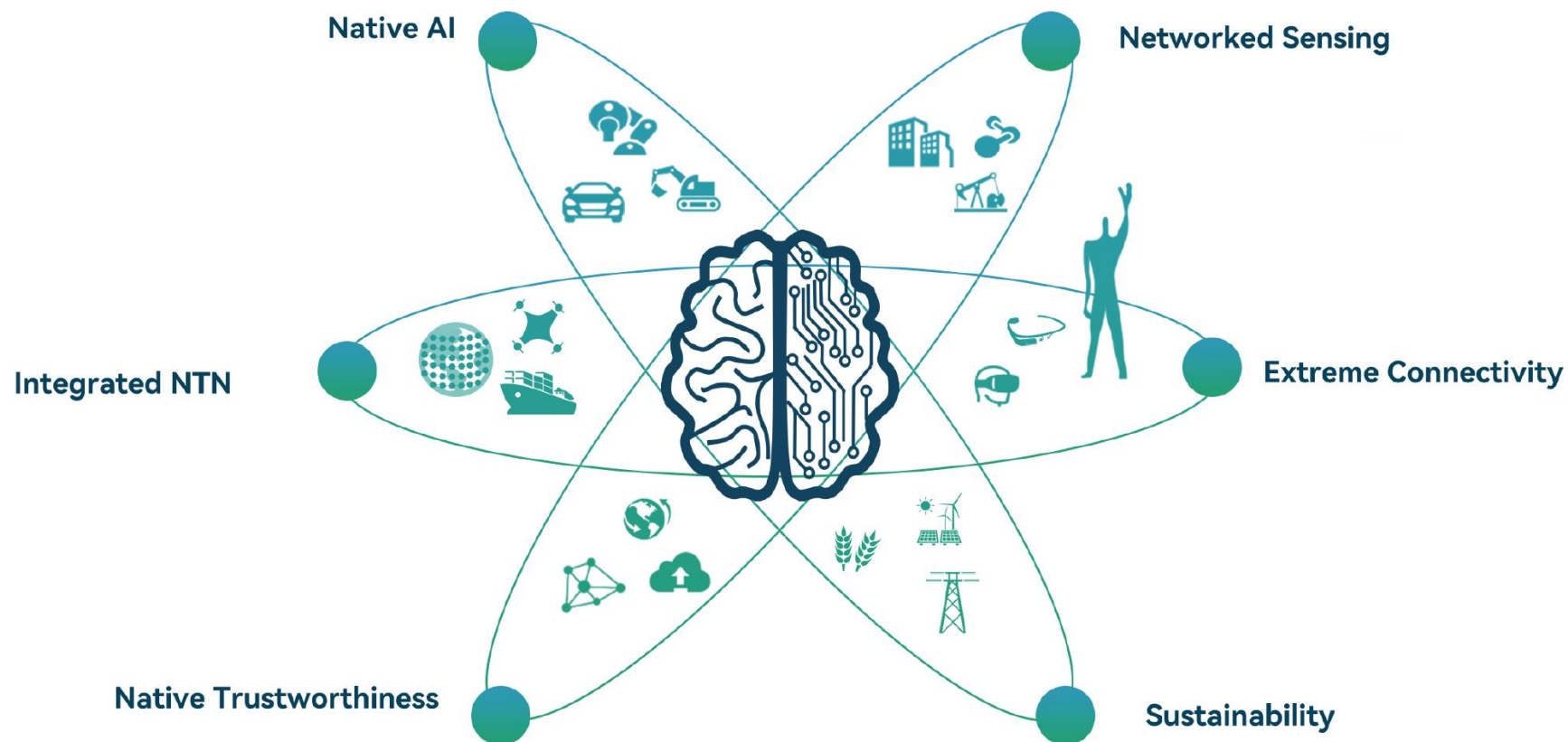
mMTC+

mMTC+

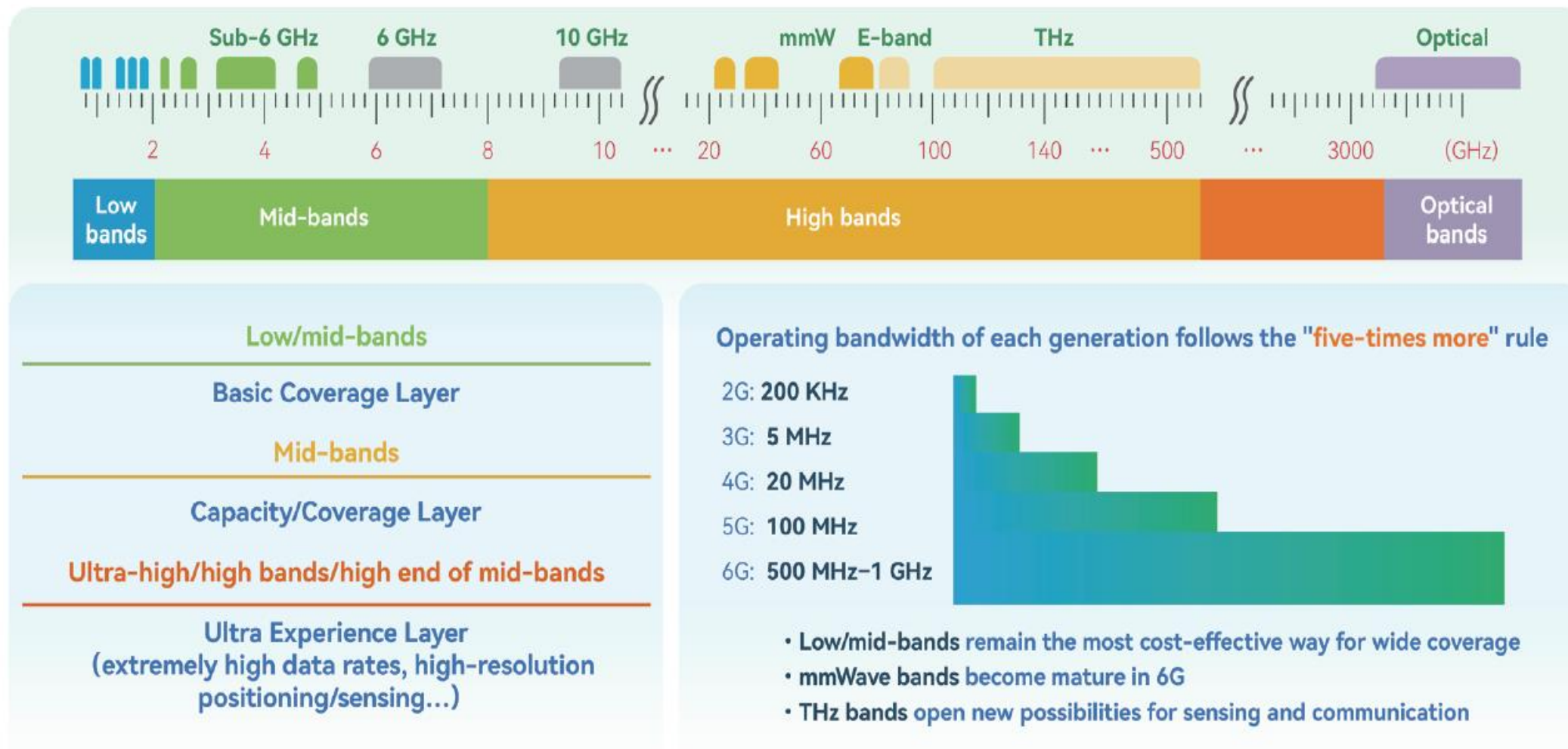
- Smart transportation & autonomous vehicles
- Smart buildings
- Smart healthcare
- Smart services enabled by UAVs
- Wide-range IoT services in unconnected areas



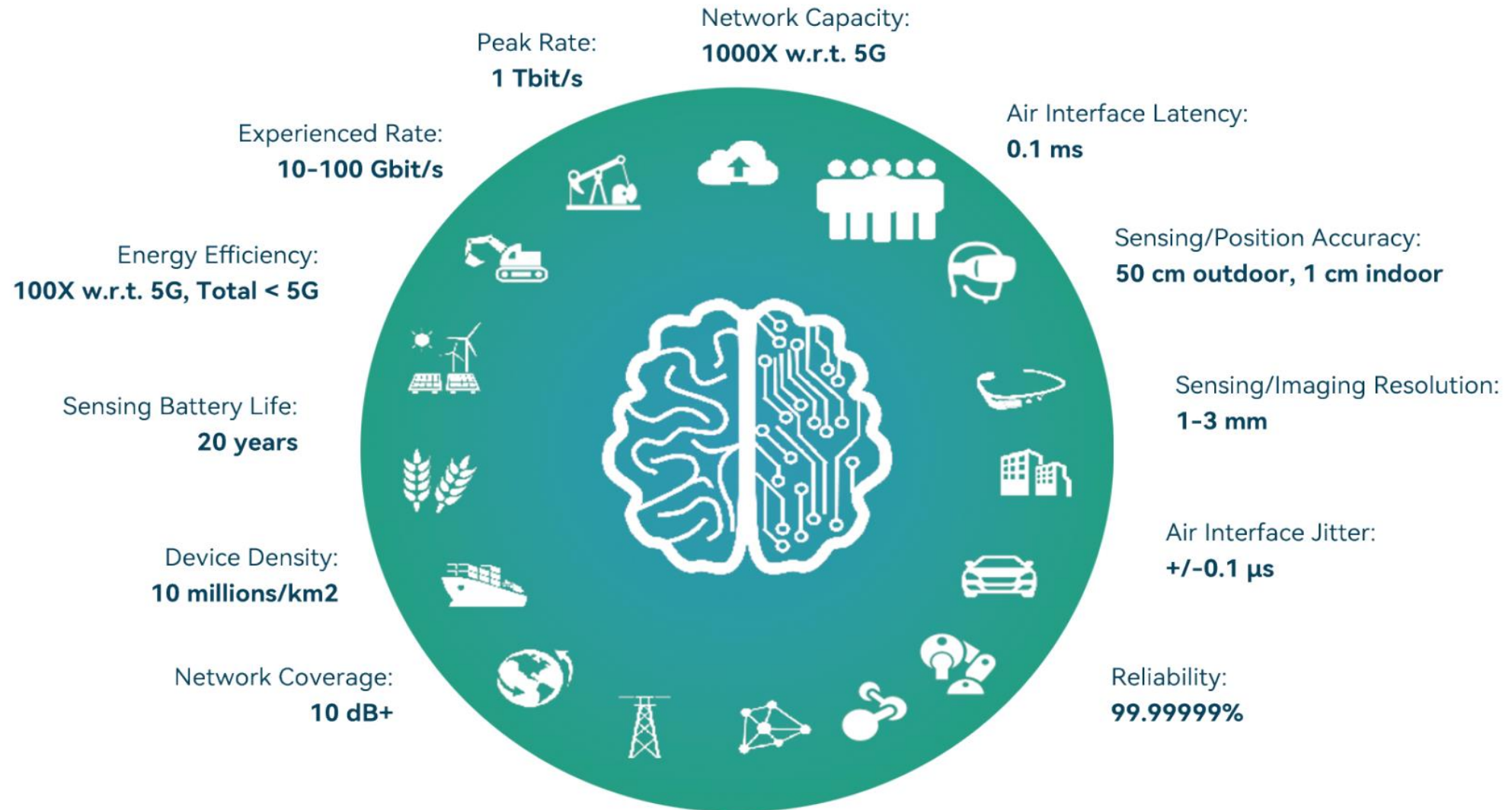
Six pillars of 6G key capabilities



Multi-layered Frequency Band Framework



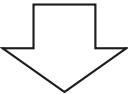
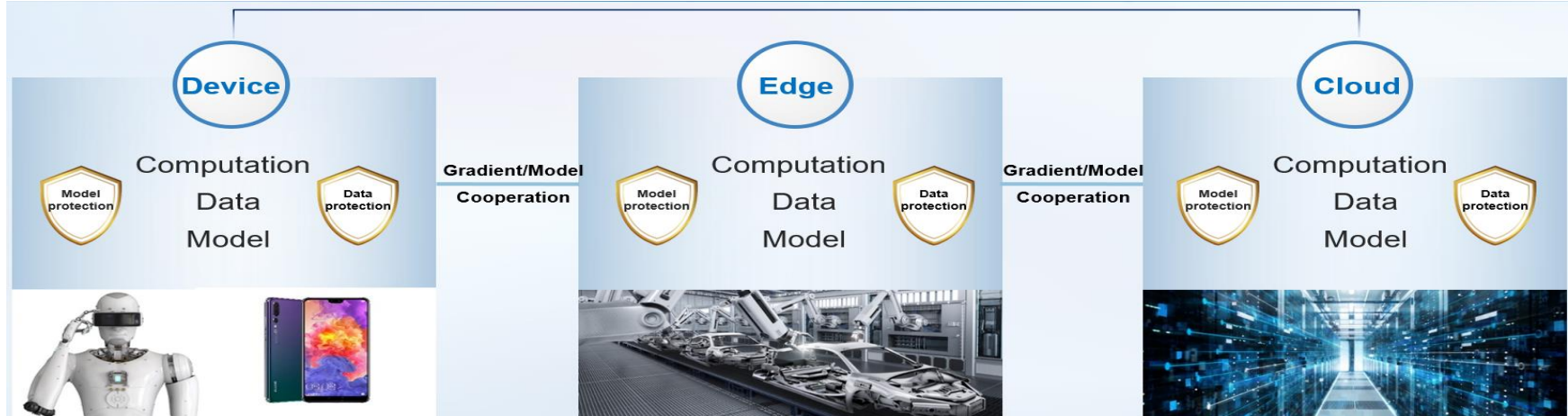
RAN KPIs for Extreme Connectivity



6G Networks

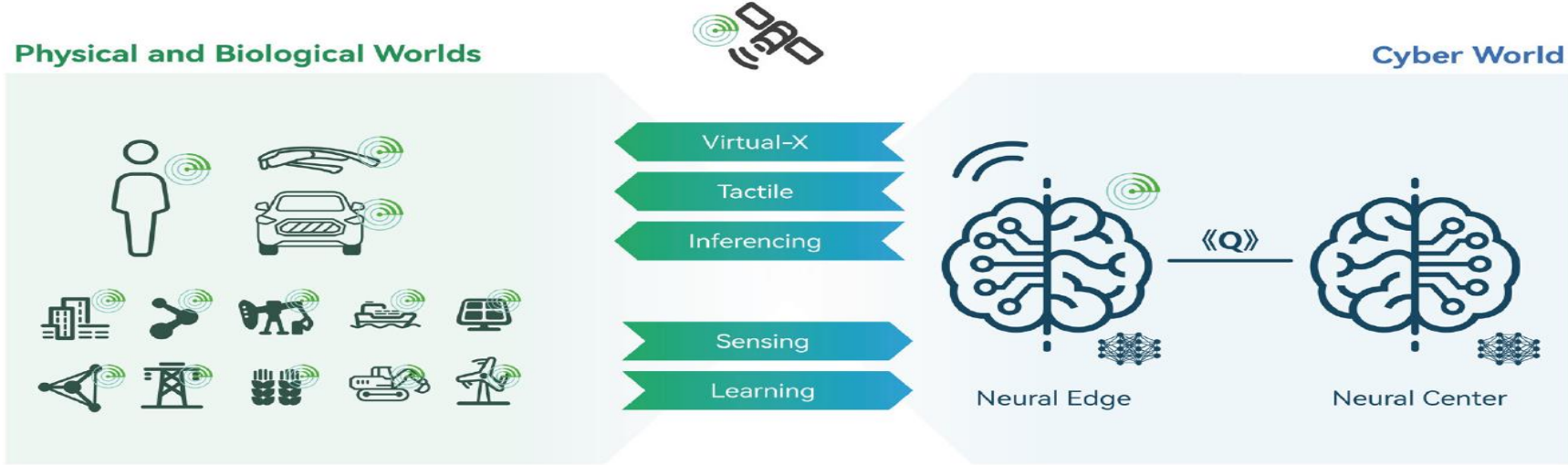
Today

On-demand cooperation across all scenarios: Higher resource efficiency and privacy protection

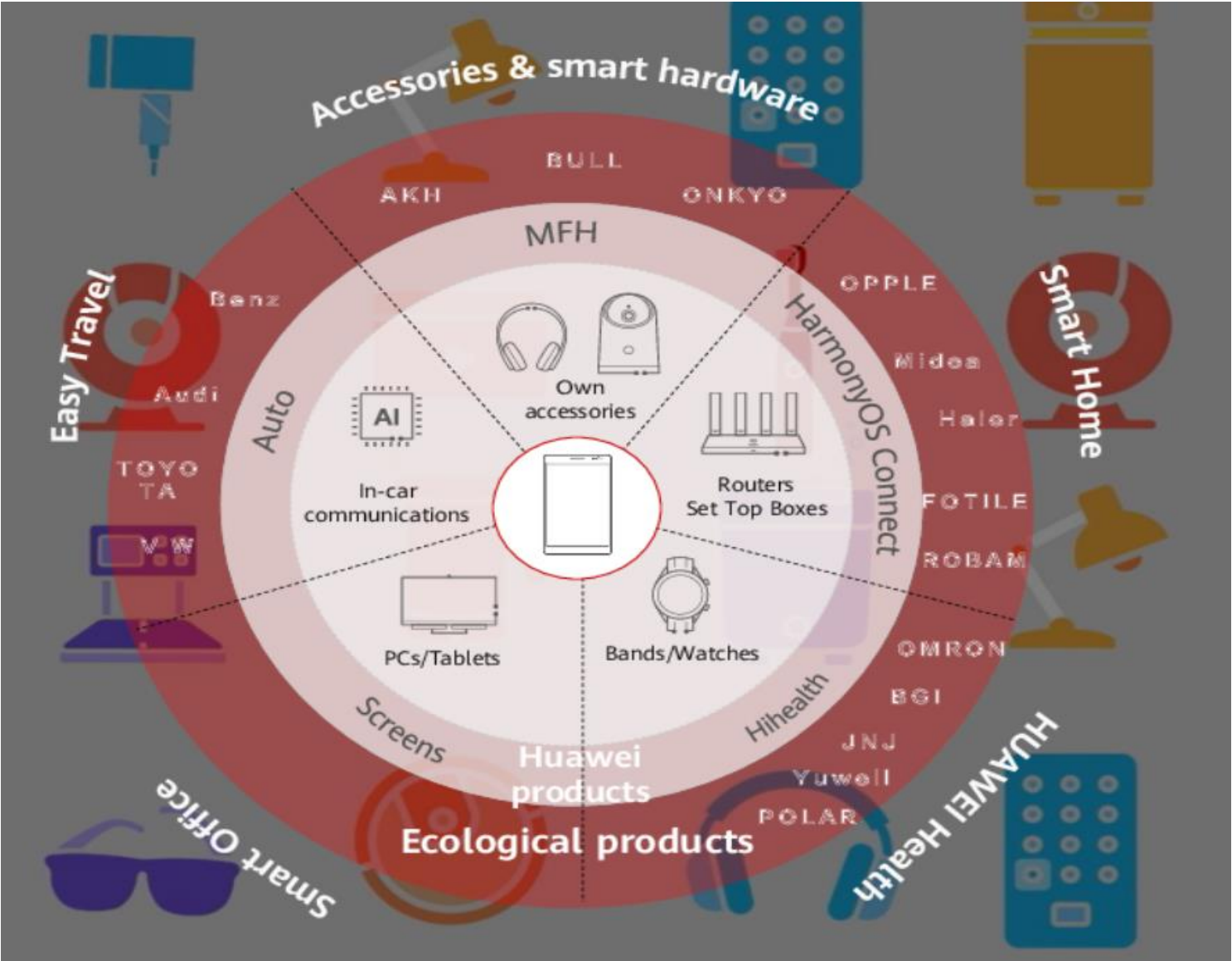


Tomorrow

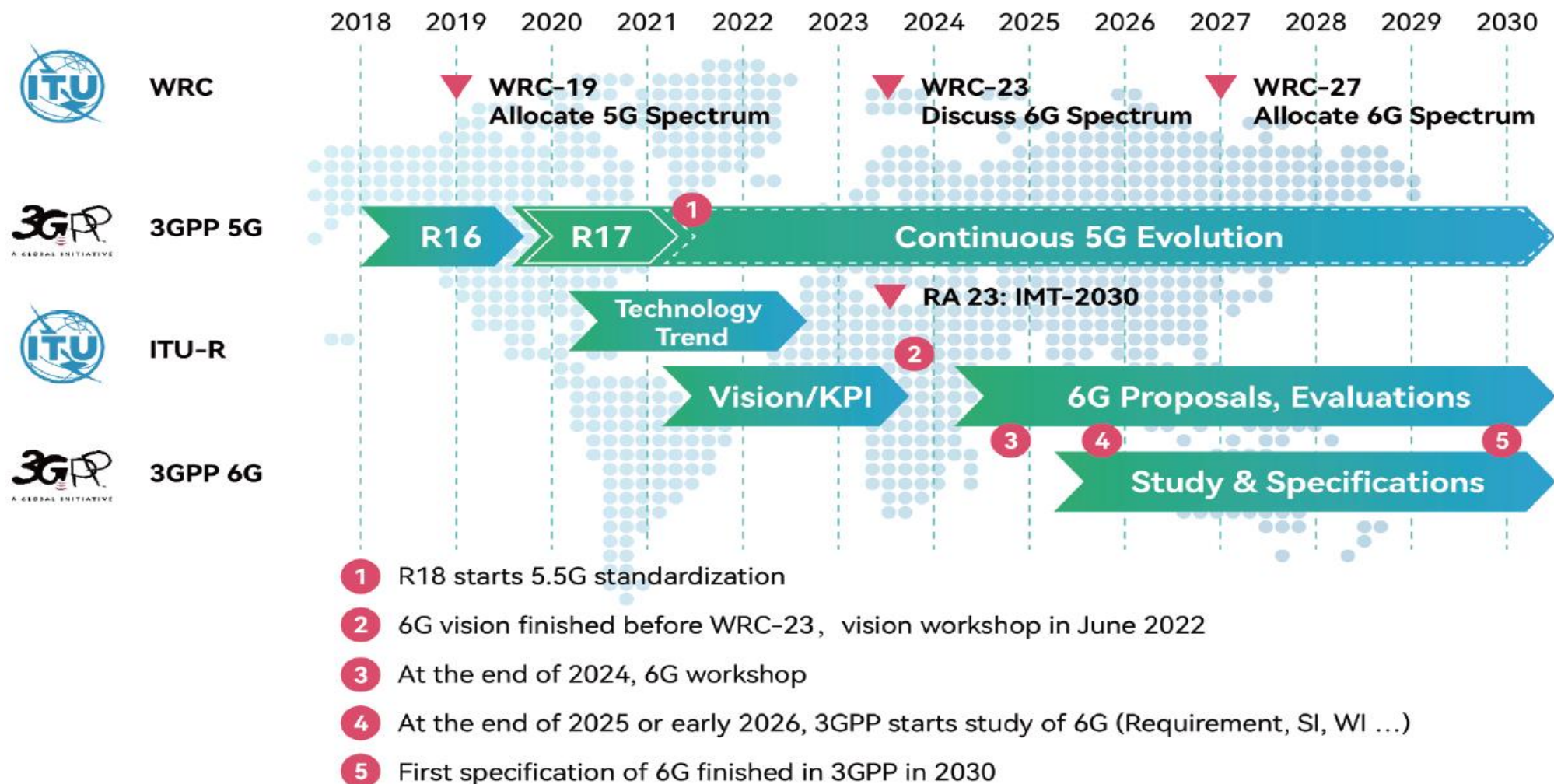
Fusion of physical, biological, and cyber worlds



Future Terminals, The Key Trigger ?



Expected Timeline of Standardization



- 1 R18 starts 5.5G standardization
- 2 6G vision finished before WRC-23, vision workshop in June 2022
- 3 At the end of 2024, 6G workshop
- 4 At the end of 2025 or early 2026, 3GPP starts study of 6G (Requirement, SI, WI ...)
- 5 First specification of 6G finished in 3GPP in 2030

Agenda



1 6G Technology Trend

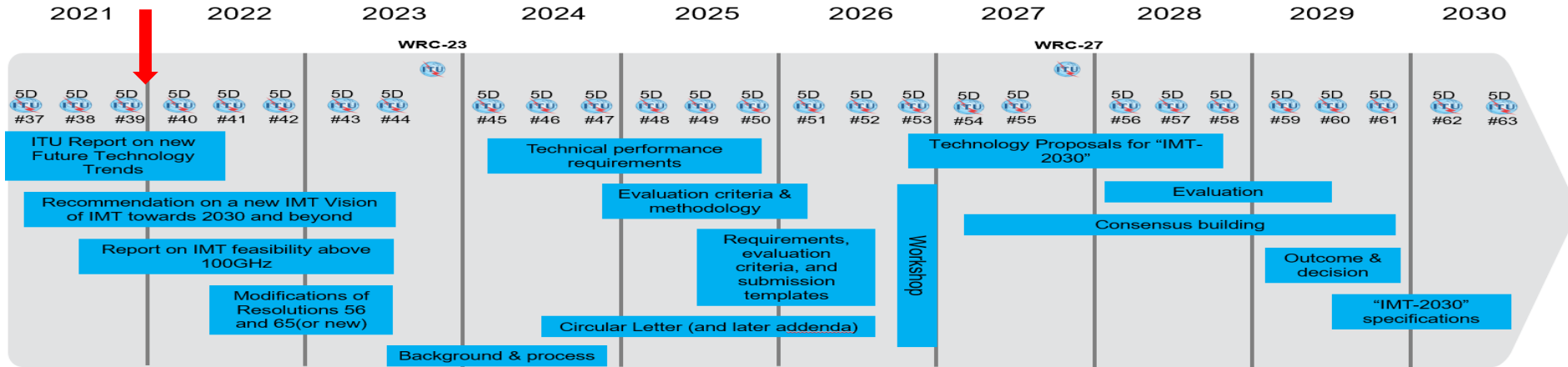


2 6G Industry Progress

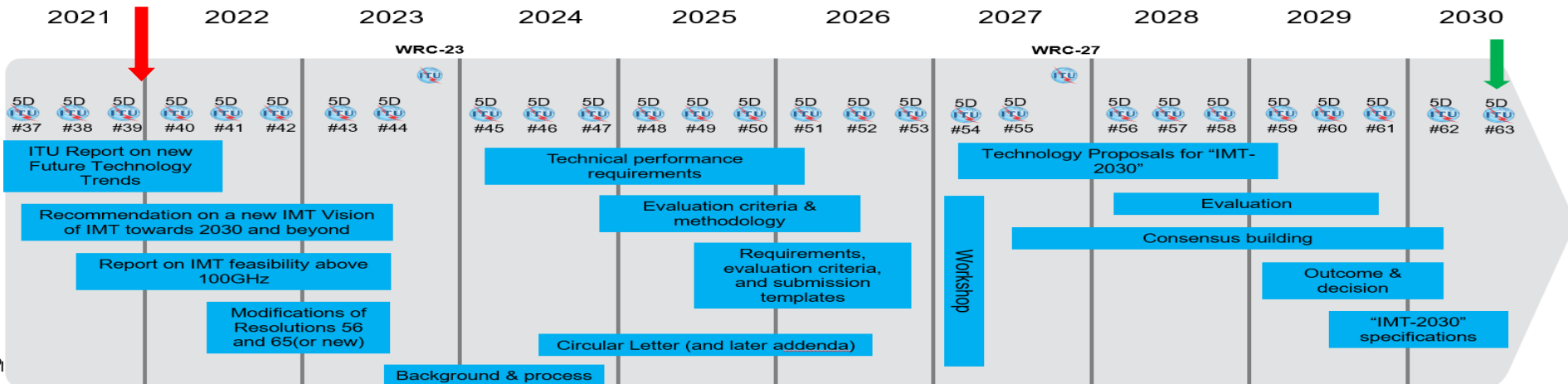
6G Timeline

- Timeline proposal in the 39th meeting of ITU-R WP5D, Oct. 4-Oct. 15, 2021

Overview timeline on “IMT towards 2030 and beyond” (Option A)



Overview timeline on “IMT towards 2030 and beyond” (Option B)



6G Vision and Use Cases

□ The discussion started from Feb. 2021, and the report will be ready in June 2023

- In the 39th ITU-R WP 5D meeting, external organizations are invited to share their views on 6G vision, including NGMN, WWRF, IOWN, ISO, Spark, T-Mobile, China, Japan, Korea, One6G, NGA, Hera-X, Ericsson

Contents of 6G vision report

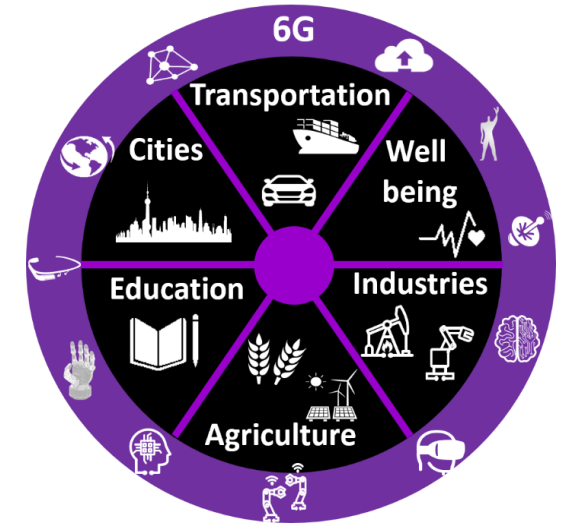
IMT Vision – Framework and overall objectives of the future development of IMT for 2030 and beyond

1. introduction
2. Trends of IMT for 2030 and beyond
 - 2.1 user and application trends
3. Evolution and role of IMT
4. Usage scenarios of IMT for 2030 and beyond
5. Capabilities
6. Framework and objective

Example view on applications (by China)

1. Supporting human-centric applications with ultra-low latency and ultra-high throughput
2. Supporting vertical applications with ultra-low latency and ultra-high reliability
3. Supporting ultra-massive connections
4. Supporting global seamless coverage
5. Supporting maintaining high quality communications at ultra-high mobility
6. Supporting high accuracy and resolution sensing applications
7. Supporting applications with pervasive intelligence
8. Supporting intelligent interaction
9. Supporting high quality interaction of virtual and reality
10. Task oriented applications with adaptive capabilities

Example view on use cases (by One6G)



6G Capabilities and KPI

□ 6G capabilities have also been discussed, but still at early stage

Proposed capabilities as of WP5D #39 Oct 2021

	Capabilities	M. 1645	M. 2083	Korea (614, 783)	T-Mobile (631)	IAFI (638)	SparkNZ (775)	WWRF (822)	China (867)	IOWN GF (771)
1	Peak data rate	○	○	○			○			
2	User experienced data rate		○	○			○			
3	Spectrum efficiency		○	○						
4	Latency		○	○						
5	Reliability			○					○	
6	Mobility	○	○	○			○			
7	Connection density		○	○			○			
8	Sustainability				○					
9	Portability of applications across devices				○					
10	Coverage			○		○			○	
11	End to end latency					○				
12	User plane latency						○			
13	Control plane latency						○			
14	Positioning			○					○	
15	Area traffic capacity		○	○						
16	Energy efficiency		○					○		○
17	Sensing resolution							○		
18	Localization accuracy							○		
19	Trustworthiness							○		
20	Availability								○	
21	AI-related capabilities								○	
22	Sensing-related capabilities								○	
23	Support for a ubiquitous intelligent mobile society					○			○	
24	Movement speed of mobile terminals					○			○	
Other capabilities	Spectrum and bandwidth flexibility		○							
	Reliability		○							
	Resilience		○							
	Security and privacy		○							
	Operational lifetime		○							

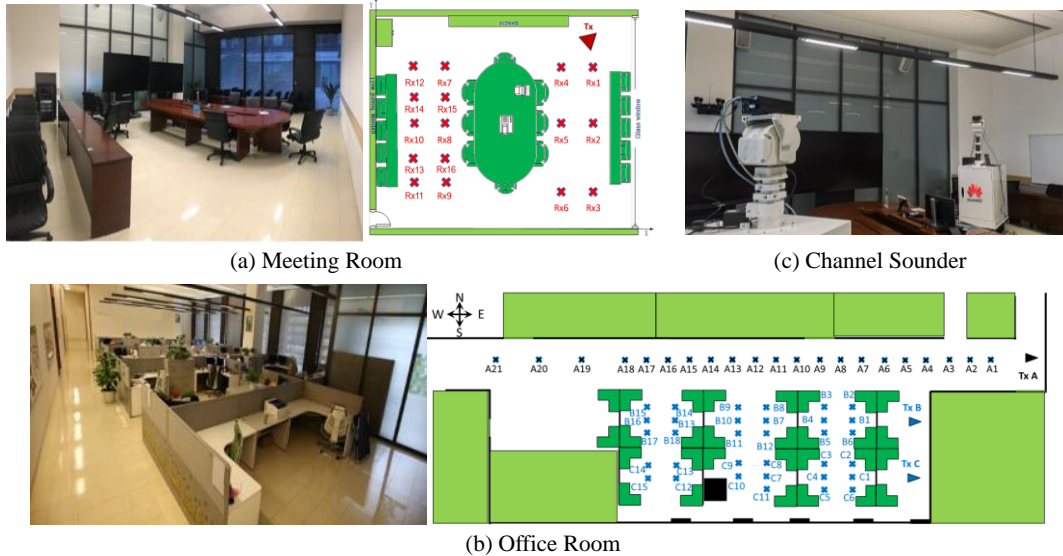
Some capabilities are still the same as 5G, but also many new capabilities proposed for 6G, e.g., AI and sensing related capabilities, trustworthiness

Study on the technical feasibility of IMT in bands above 100 GHz

Initial study on technical feasibility of IMT in bands above 100 GHz

- Radio wave propagation
- Characteristics of IMT
- Enabling technologies
- Deployment scenarios and architectures

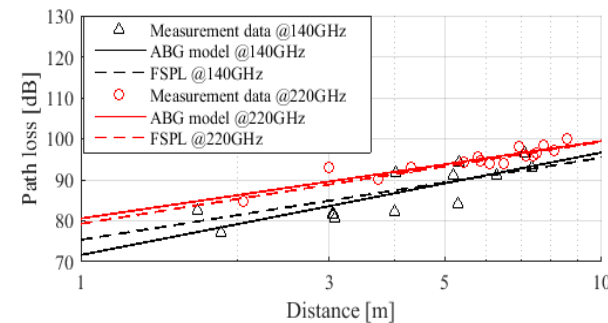
The deployment of the channel measurement (by Huawei)



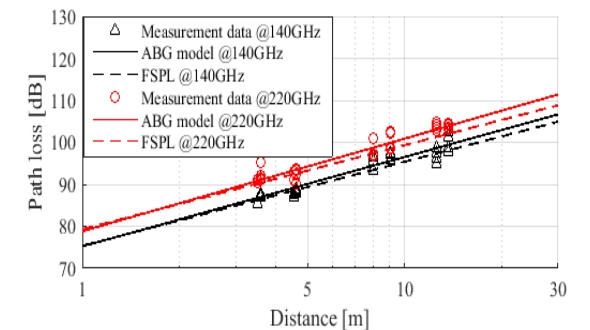
Some parameters of the measurement system

Parameter	Value	Value
Sounder frequency	140 GHz	220 GHz
Local oscillator	10.667 GHz	18 GHz
Start frequency	130 GHz	201 GHz
End frequency	143 GHz	209 GHz
Bandwidth	13 GHz	8 GHz

Path loss in the meeting room



Path loss in the open office area



Thank you.

Bring digital to every person, home and organization for a fully connected, intelligent world.

**Copyright©2018 Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd.
All Rights Reserved.**

The information in this document may contain predictive statements including, without limitation, statements regarding the future financial and operating results, future product portfolio, new technology, etc. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results and developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied in the predictive statements. Therefore, such information is provided for reference purpose only and constitutes neither an offer nor an acceptance. Huawei may change the information at any time without notice.

